

NOT A ROBBER OFFICER DRAWS BUT ONLY IN GUN ON OGDEN HARD LUCK BANKER

Instead of breaking into the Troy laundry as he was charged when arrested, Harry Lilly declared to Judge Reeder this morning that he awoke Friday evening and found himself locked in the building and was trying to get out when he was discovered by the constable. He said he was drunk but believes that he went to the place before closing time to get some laundry and was locked in while he had dropped off to sleep.

The first charge placed against Lilly was that of burglary, but that was withdrawn and a charge of trespass against him. He told such a long straightforward story of hard luck that Judge Reeder took the case under advisement.

According to Lilly's story he had been working at the shop but he could not make more than \$50 to \$60 a month. His wife, he said, was in a delicate condition and demanded medical attention. His wife's condition prevented her sewing the small garments needed. Consequently he was obliged to pay a higher price for the work done.

When he found that he was running behind he sent his wife to her home in Pocatello last week and he intended to follow after receiving his pay on Friday. His check was only \$32 and of this amount \$17.50 went to his grocer for provisions. He said that he had taken a few drinks to drown his trouble and does not remember distinctly what happened after, although he said that when the engineer found him in the laundry he remembered that he felt pleased to find one other in the building.

The \$12.50 found on him after his arrest was the remainder of the check. Nothing was missed from the laundry except a package of washed articles.

THOMAS LEVER HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Fright caused by securing a shock from a telephone acted upon the heart of Guard Thomas Lever of the city police force this morning and for 15 minutes the veteran policeman cried out to Jailer Hagbert Anderson that he had received a shock. He twisted in the chair twice and then fell back as though dead.

Jailer Anderson called for assistance and while Dr. Ingebreton was being called, bathed the head of the unconscious man with cold water, and unloosed his clothing. When the doctor arrived, preliminary tests were made upon the heart and then the guard was carried to the office of the chief and placed on the sofa.

For several minutes he seemed lifeless as the physician worked over him. Slowly he regained consciousness and soon was able to sit up on the lounge. The ambulance, which had been called to take him to the hospital, was sent back to the livery.

Although dazed, Mr. Lever was able to tell what had happened. He stated that he had received a shock from the metal part of the mouthpiece when he hung up the receiver, but he remembered nothing more.

Dr. Ingebreton stated that the shock of electricity was not sufficient to do damage to the system but the fright caused by the shock had acted on the heart.

ORCHARDISTS' COLD STORAGE APPLES

The success of cold storage of apples has been demonstrated by the experience of the orchardists in the Payette valley, according to the reports received in the local office of the Pacific Fruit Express company.

While the apple market was poor in the fall, the apple growers stored 100 cars in a large private owned storage plant at Payette and have been selling them now at fancy prices. There are still 50 cars of the apples in good condition to be moved by the express company to the markets of the east where prices are reported exceedingly good.

OVERLAND TRIP OF 400 MILES

After an absence of about two years in the vicinity of Shoshone, on Wind river, Wyoming, C. C. Brown and family have returned to Ogden.

Mr. Brown traveled overland, a distance of about 400 miles, requiring five weeks to make the trip. It was difficult to get over the high ranges, due to heavy snow. At South Pass he was delayed a number of days and his team was the first to cross that divide this spring.

The people of the Wind river section, says Mr. Brown, are prosperous and the outlook for the country is bright. Farming and stock raising are the principal industries.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 6.—Construction of a new \$500,000 state capitol for Missouri began here today. It is said that the building will be ready for occupancy by the close of Governor Major's administration.

RUSSIA'S STAND AGAINST MONTENEGRO LESSENS LIKELIHOOD OF WAR; LITTLE KINGDOM HAD COUNTED ON AID FROM GREAT BEAR



Czar of Russia, and map showing stage of conflict in case of European war.

Russia's course in advising Montenegro to abandon Scutari and submit to the demands of the powers has lessened the likelihood of a European war. Montenegro's defiance of Austria came from the belief that in case of trouble with her big neighbor on the north she would have the aid of Russia. Now that there is no longer any hope of getting help from this quarter, Montenegro submitted to the demands of the powers.

Observers of the situation are agreed that Russia's present attitude means the Slav has abandoned his attempt to hold a port on the Adriatic.



WORLD'S MARKETS

WALL STREET.

New York, May 6.—Improvement of the foreign markets had no influence on trading here today, notwithstanding the ready response which stocks made yesterday to the rise abroad.

The hesitating tone at the opening indicated that the foreign news was losing its force and bears ruled the list. Developments at home favored short selling. The closing down of several textile mills and the persistent weakness of the Harriman shares tended to spread pessimistic feeling. Recent campaigns against the short interest put the market in a less favorable position to oppose professional sellings, and the bears met little opposition.

London bought some stocks at the opening, but the purchases from this source were not heavy enough to have more than a passing influence. Bonds were easier.

First prices of stocks today disclosed irregular changes. The Harriman shares and Pennsylvania were higher. Missouri Pacific and Canadian Pacific rose a point each. The copper group moved up on rather large buying.

Lack of support to Harriman's detractors and induced short selling which cost Reading a point, and Steel half as much. Beet sugar was strong and Rumely preferred rose substantially.

Weakness of standard stocks left many of the minor properties in a rather vulnerable position and when the bears put out tentative selling orders, prices gave way sharply. Underwood Typewriter and Virginia-Sargol Chemical issues reached new low records.

The market closed weak. When the break in Southern Pacific reached four points, 94 5/8, the lowest in five years, the general market gave way more abruptly. High priced railroad stocks scored losses of 1 to 2 points and some industrials were much weaker.

Traders sold the Harriman stocks at will, Southern Pacific falling 3 1/4 and Union Pacific 3 points. Active selling also went on in other parts of the list. International Metropolitan preferred gave way 3 points; Reading and Steel 1 1/2 and numerous other shares a point or more. The halt to the improvement in the bond market and the unmistakable slowing up of business helped bearish sentiment.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, May 6.—Lowering of wheat values today was a consequence of additional good rains in the winter wheat belt. Cables ran half to 3/8 off because of federal Russian and American crop advices. Practical settlement of the Scutari episode also was a weakening factor. Opening figures showed declines of a shade to 3/8. July 1-4, 1-8 1/2 to 3/8 off at 90 1/2 to 1-1/4, and weakened to 89 3/4 to 7-8.

Corn showed some nervousness. Lower cables were offset by good demand here. July opened 1-8 off at 55 1/2 to 55 1/4 and reacted to 55 1/2 to 55 3/8.

Oats were easy with other gains. July opened a shade lower at 34 1/2 to 34 1/4, and dropped to 34 1/4 to 34 1/8. Provisions opened irregular. 1-2 to 1/4 higher to 10c lower. Buying of lard later gave a firm tone to the market. July first prices: Pork, 19 1/4 to 19 1/2. Lard, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4. Ribs, 11 1/2 to 12.

Wheat decrease of more than eleven million bushels in the world's visible supply tended to check the decline. The close was weak with July at 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 and 89 1/4 to 89 3/8.

Corn—Selling pressure developed later and prices again weakened. The close was weak with July at 55c, a net decline of 5-8.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, Mo., May 6.—Cattle: Receipts, 7,000; market 10c higher; native steers, 7.00 to 8.75; southern steers, 6.80 to 8.00; southern cows and heifers, 4.75 to 7.25; native cows and heifers, 4.25 to 6.50; stockers and feeders, 6.50 to 7.25; bulls, 3.75 to 7.50; calves, 6.50 to 10.00; western steers, 6.75 to 8.25; western cows, 4.25 to 7.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; market steady; bulk, 8.25 to 8.35; heavy, 8.20 to 8.30; packers and butchers, 8.25 to 8.40; light, 8.20 to 8.40; pigs, 7.25 to 7.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000; market 5c higher; Colorado lambs, 7.25 to 8.50; range wethers and yearlings, 5.50 to 7.25; range ewes, 5.75 to 6.50.

STATE NEWS

BUILDING BOOM ON

Pocatello, Ida., May 5.—Since the cleanup of the bootleggers' joint by the grand jury here recently, many of the old land marks are being remodeled. Saloons are being changed to other business houses and many of these are on the best business corners in the city.

The Board of Trade saloon property on the corner of East Center and North First avenue will be occupied in a week by Leo Lewis, a well-known clothier. Both sides of the building fronting the streets are fitted with solid plate glass. The Reception bar on West Center is being remodeled for the use of the Donnelly Shoe company. The old "Q. P." corner is being converted into a modern cigar store by Frederick Murphy. The old Senate saloon building on North First is being built over for a new east side store for H. A. Jacobs, one of the leading dry goods men in the state.

Pocatello is experiencing a building boom. There are at least ten large mercantile stores being built, three large apartment houses and more than a hundred dwelling houses. Besides this the extensive work carried on here by the Oregon Short Line makes the demand for laborers more than can be supplied.

Boosters Hustle.

Logan, May 5.—The Boosters club today completed arrangements for receiving the visitors who will come here on the big boosting excursion on May 12. The club is advertising the affair in the other parts of the country and a big crowd from outside of Logan is expected. Helds hand is sure to be an attraction and thousands will hear the concert scheduled to take place in front of the tabernacle in the early evening.

Mayor H. G. Hayball or President Leroy Cardon of the Boosters club will deliver the address of welcome. The meeting will then be turned over to the visitors. The big ball, to take place in the Auditorium after the meeting, is arranged for and nearly everything is in readiness for the excursionists.

Five Boys Fined for Robbing Birds' Nests.

Brigham City, May 5.—Five boys, sons of well known citizens and all under age, were fined \$15 this evening in Judge Figgins' court for robbing the nests of wild ducks and geese in the swamps southwest of the city. The boys were apprehended by persons from this city and Game Warden J. Knudsen was notified. He made a hurried run in an automobile and met the boys, who were in a wagon. They had in their possession numerous settings of eggs, which they intended to hatch out with hens, as well as a live goose. The goose was thrown from the wagon upon the approach of the warden. Each boy's fine, including costs, aggregated \$16.75.

Will Keep Mothers' Day.

Provo, May 5.—Mothers day will be observed here next Sunday under the auspices of the federated clubs of the city. The committee in charge is working hard to make this meeting a grand success. Music for this event will be furnished by Professors A. C. Lund and J. R. Boshard. A prize is offered by the State Federation of Women's clubs for the best essay on "Mother," to be submitted by pupils from the eighth grade. White carnations will be the emblem and will be displayed throughout the city Saturday by the business houses.

Evidence for Cobia.

Brigham City, May 5.—The state rested its case Saturday evening in the murder trial of W. N. Cobia, charged with the murder of James N. Morris at Rosette, January 21. Attorney Halverson for the defense made his opening address to the jury, and this morning the taking of testimony was commenced for the defense.

The following witnesses were examined today and all testified as to the reputation of the defendant. Cobia: John G. Chadwick, F. W. Clark, David Hirsch, J. W. Callahan, Adam

Entertain Visitors.

New York, May 6.—Aside from a forenoon conference of the sub-committee, no set program was arranged today for the delegates to the International Conference on the proposed celebration of 100 years of peace among English-speaking peoples.

The delegates were invited to luncheon as the guests of Henry C. Lewis and will be entertained at dinner tonight by Cornelius Vanderbilt.

WORLD RAGS COME TO U.S.

Representative Mondell Offers an Amendment providing That All Rags Imported Must Be Cleaned and Sterilized — People Will Be in Rags

Washington, May 6.—The administrative and income tax features of the tariff bill remained to be disposed of today when the house convened. Both sections are important portions of the bill with many pages of details that puzzle new members, but their adoption virtually intact was confidently counted upon by Democratic leaders.

The preferential of five per cent upon foreign goods brought in American bottoms and the strenuous objections of insurance companies against the income tax on the ground that the policy holders will be ultimately burdened with greater premiums, were issued ahead when the bill was taken up.

One change to be urged on the income tax in the senate is to provide that the tax shall be levied upon the income of the calendar years after 1913 but to apply this year only from the date of the ratification of the constitutional amendment on February 23.

Rags of the World.

Representative Mondell got permission to offer an amendment providing that all rags imported must be cleaned and sterilized, and delivered a diatribe on "democratic rags."

"The Democrats propose to admit free of duty," he shouted, "the rags of the world. Rags from the Harems of Turkey, rags from the slums of London, rags from the Purlieus of Naples, and Rome, rags from cholera and bubonic plague camps of the Balkan peninsula will be given to our people free. I know of nothing more logical in a Democratic tariff bill than free rags. We must have the rags of all the world to come here to clothe our people, driven from employment by the Democratic tariff rates."

Representative Underwood pointed out that Mr. Mondell's amendment was unnecessary, because the rags were cleaned before being admitted to this country.

As the bill approaches its day for passage in the house, the senate is completing plans for its consideration.

Many Republican senators have drafted amendments. Senator Sherman, of Illinois, has one to provide that no provisions of the income tax shall apply to any insurance company or association which conducts its business solely on mutual plan and only for the benefit of its policy holders or members.

Republicans from the northwest attacked the free wheat and flour provisions of the bill.

Representative Underwood defended free flour, declaring that the northwest would not be injured, and an amendment to the bill was defeated. Efforts to take lumber from the free list and alter the wood pulp and print paper schedules were finally defeated.

A Democratic-Republican love feast was held as consideration of the taxing provisions of the bill drew to a close. The occasion was the birthday of Representative Underwood.

Minority Leader Mann announced that he wished to put aside partisan feeling for a time and talk personally. He told the house that fifty-one years ago "one of the ablest men in public life first saw the light of day," and congratulated the Democratic party and the American people that during the 51 years of his life, there has grown to greatness and bigness the able gentleman from Alabama, Mr. Underwood.

Amid a roar of applause from both sides of the chamber, Mr. Underwood thanked Mr. Mann for his congratulations.

In a short time consideration of the remaining paragraphs of the free list was completed and the income tax section of the bill was reached.

CHILDREN ARE TO GIVE AN OPERA

Marilla Hunter, musical director of the city schools, is busily engaged just now drilling the grade students for the opera, "Pioneer," which will be presented May 20.

Miss Hunter expects to have as many as 600 pupils and the production will likely be among the best of its kind ever given in the city, notwithstanding the fact that the one given last year was a great success.

Children from the First to the Eighth grades will take part in the musical.

SHOULD DIVIDE BOOKS BY WEIGHT

New York, May 6.—Lewis Ash, a cigar-maker who died recently, provided in his will that if his daughters could not agree on the equal division of his library the books should be weighed, and thus equally apportioned. The odd provision is one as 600 Mrs. Amanda Chase, who, declaring that her father was of unsound mind, is contesting a codicil to the will which gives \$35,000 to Mrs. Nathalie May, another daughter, cutting off Mrs. Chase.

San Francisco, May 6.—The new United States submarine torpedo boat H-1 was launched here today. Miss Leslie Jean Meakin of Montreal, Canada, christened the submarine and qualifies for membership in the Spargers club, composed of young women who have christened war vessels.

Arizona has recently adopted a law that prohibits any alien from being employed on any public work within its jurisdiction.

SALT LAKE

CATHOLIC FATHER TO LEARN

Salt Lake, May 6.—Traveling direct from the seat of the Roman Catholic church at Rome, Rev. P. B. Donnelly after two years' trip through Alaska and Canada lecturing against socialism has arrived in Salt Lake assigned to learn about the Mormon church direct from its heads. Father Donnelly was in conference with Anthony H. Lund and C. W. Nibley, president of the church, for several hours yesterday.

"In my lectures I say that all churches that teach of Christ have some good in them and often during my eighteen years of lecturing in England I have been asked if that is so of the Mormon church," he said. "Many are the dramatic stories that run riot in England about the Mormons."

"I asked for an interview with the heads of the Mormon church and was not only granted it by them, but was cordially received. I am sorry to say that I did not get to meet the president of the church, Joseph F. Smith, as he is in Los Angeles."

"I see great good in the Mormon religion and many of its teachings are beautiful to me. Especially is that of baptizing for the dead very beautiful and impressive."

"I think that it is wonderful how the masses of the believers in Mormonism contribute their tithe to the church. When a man in our church, or in fact any other church, drops a nickel in the collection plate, he thinks that he has done a great and self-sacrificing deed."

"I expect to lecture on Mormonism when I return to England and in my lectures I will be able to dispel many of the evil impressions about our church. I have been asked to send a copy of my first lecture on Mormonism back to this city. I am sure that when I lecture on Mormonism in England there will be enough reporters there to get what I have to say word for word."

Father Donnelly leaves today for Seattle, from which place he will cross into Canada and begin his lectures against socialism.

SUPREME COURT SAYS TRIAL MUST BE GIVEN

Salt Lake, May 6.—On the application of the Tooele Meat & Grocery company, the supreme court yesterday issued a writ of mandate directing Judge C. W. Morse to rescind his order dismissing the company's appeal from judgment entered in favor of the Elite Candy company in the justice court and to try the case.

The Tooele company appealed on the ground that it had not been given proper notice of the judgment entered in the justice court. Judge Morse dismissed the appeal because it had not been taken within the statutory time. In view of the showing that due notice of judgment had not been given in the justice court the supreme court orders a trial.

SPILLS KEG OF SULPHURIC ACID

Salt Lake, May 6.—Consternation reigned for a few minutes in the office of the city board of health yesterday afternoon when a deliveryman from the Mine & Smelter Supply company dropped a three-gallon keg containing sulphuric acid just inside the doorway. The powerful liquid spread like water over the floor and there was a hasty departure for places of safety on the part of everybody present. The deliveryman got his shoes wet and forthwith proceeded hastily to discard those articles of pedal apparel as though they were two hot bricks. He left in his stocking feet, carrying what remained of his shoes, for the acid eats leather as though it were a favorite delicacy.

Everybody in the health department office went about holding their noses for the rest of the afternoon. No real damage was done except to the deliveryman's shoes.

TODAY IN CONGRESS

Washington, May 6.—The day in congress—

Senate.

Territories committee resumed hearing on Alaskan problems. Gifford Pinchot testifying that private interests have held up legislation which would have developed Alaska.

House.

Resumed reading of tariff bill under five-minute debate rule, continuing on free list.

WOOL TRADING LIGHT

Boston, May 6.—Trading in domestic wool continues along narrow lines and in small-sized lots. Values are easy and buyers apparently are waiting for the west and in some localities bidders have practically ceased operations. The best sale of the week was 200 lbs. of Montana half-blood at 21 cents.